

## Silk Vey Vest Aviaşirkəti Məhdud Məsuliyyətli Cəmiyyəti

2022-ci il üzrə

### İLLİK İDARƏETMƏ HESABATI

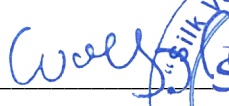

1. Emitentin tam və qısaldılmış adı, vergi ödəyicisinin eyniləşdirmə nömrəsi (VÖEN), dövlət qeydiyyatının tarixi və nömrəsi:	Emitentin tam adı: Silk Vey Vest Aviaşirkəti Məhdud Məsuliyyətli Cəmiyyəti Emitentin qısaldılmış adı: Silk Vey Vest Aviaşirkəti MMC Dövlət qeydiyyat tarixi: 19.01.2012 Dövlət qeydiyyat nömrəsi (VÖEN): 1200754781
2. Emitentin hüquqi ünvanı və olduğu yer:	Ünvan: Bakı şəh. Xəzər ray. Binə ŞTQ, Heydər Əliyev Beynəlxalq Aeroportu
3. Emitentin adında dəyişikliklər olduqda, emitentin bütün əvvəlki adları, habelə onların qeydiyyata alındığı tarixlər, emitent digər hüquqi şəxsin bölünməsi və ya tərkibindən ayrılması şəklinə yenidən təşkil yolu ilə yaradılıqda, yenidən təşkilin forması, həmin hüquqi şəxsin adı, emitent hüquqi şəxslərin birləşməsi və ya çevrilmə şəklinə yenidən təşkil yolu ilə yaradılıqda, yenidən təşkilin forması, həmin hüquqi şəxslərin adları:	Dəyişiklik olmayıb
4. Emitentin hesabat dövrü ərzində yaranmış və ləğv edilmiş filialları və nümayəndəliklərinin adı, olduqları yer və qeydiyyatları haqqında məlumatlar:	Hesabat dövrü ərzində yaranmış və ya ləğv edilmiş filial və nümayəndəlik yoxdur.
5. Emitentin hesabat dövrü ərzində yaranmış və ya ləğv edilmiş hər bir törəmə cəmiyyətinin adı, təşkilatı-hüquqi forması, hüquqi ünvanı, qeydiyyatı haqqında məlumatlar, nizamnamə kapitalında emitentin payı, hüquqi şəxsin emitentin törəmə cəmiyyəti hesab olunması üçün əsas olan müqavilənin bağlanma tarixi və qüvvədə olma müddəti:	Hesabat dövrü ərzində yaranmış və ya ləğv edilmiş törəmə cəmiyyəti yoxdur.
6. Emitent şirkətlər qrupunun bir hissəsi olduğu təqdirdə qrupun (emitent daxil olmaqla iqtisadiyyatın müxtəlif sahələrində fəaliyyət göstərən bir və ya daha artıq törəmə təşkilatı olan qrupdur) adı:	Silk Way Aviaşirkəti MMC
7. Emitentin məşğul olduğu fəaliyyət istiqamətləri:	Hava nəqliyyatı ilə yük daşımaq
8. Emitent lisenziya və ya icazəyə malik olduqda, onlar üzrə fəaliyyət növləri və qüvvədə olma müddətləri:	Istismarçı sertifikatı – kommersiya hava daşımalarını yerinə yetirməyə icazə; Qüvvədə olma müddəti 29.10.2023
9. Emitentin təklif etdiyi məhsullar və xidmətlər:	Regular və çarter reyslərlə hava yük daşımaları
10. Emitentin işçilərinin sayı və onun rüblük dinamikası:	01.01.2021 işçilərin sayı – 889 nəfər 31.03.2021 işçilərin sayı – 910 nəfər 30.06.2021 işçilərin sayı – 1,032 nəfər 30.09.2021 işçilərin sayı – 1,051 nəfər 31.12.2021 işçiləri sayı - 1055 nəfər 30.06.2022 işçiləri sayı - 1075 nəfər

	30.09.2022 işçiləri sayı - 1087 nəfər 31.12.2022 işçiləri sayı - 1083 nəfər
11. Emitentin idarəetmə orqanları haqqında məlumat: direktorlar şurası (müşahidə şurası) (olduqda), icra orqanı, audit komitəsi (olduqda), onların üzvlərinin adı, soyadı, atasının adı;	<b>Müşahidə Şurası:</b> 1. Müşahidə Şurasının Sədri - Axundov Zaur Sənan oğlu 2. Müşahidə Şurasının Üzvü - Gülmaliyev Rəşad Tofiq oğlu 3. Müşahidə Şurasının Üzvü - Mövsüm-zadə Mir Səməd Eldar oğlu 4. Müşahidə Şurasının Üzvü - Kəngərli Elşən Vahid oğlu 5. Müşahidə Şurasının Üzvü - Bəkirova Samirə Rafiq qızı 6. Müşahidə Şurasının Üzvü - Alxasova Mehri Tehran qızı  <b>Müşahidə Şurası yanında Audit komitəsi:</b>  7. Müşahidə Şurası yanında Audit komitəsinin sədri - Pirverdiyev Rəşad Nazim oğlu  “Silk Vey Vest Aviaşirkəti” MMC-nin Prezidenti - Wolfgang Johann Meier
12. Emitentin fiziki və hüquqi şəxs olan səhmdarlarının (payçılarının) ayrı-ayılıqda sayı;	Hüquqi şəxs – Silk Way Aviaşirkəti MMC (100% pay)
13. Emitentin nizamnamə kapitalının beş faizi və daha artıq həcmdə səsli səhmlərinə (paylara) malik olan şəxslər (fiziki şəxsin soyadı, adı, atasının adı; hüquqi şəxsin adı, olduğu yer və VÖEN-i), onların hər birinə məxsus olan səhmlərin sayı (səhmlərin hər növü üzrə ayrı-ayrılıqda göstərilir) və emitentin nizamnamə kapitalında payı;	Hüquqi şəxs – Silk Way Aviaşirkəti MMC (100% pay), Hüquqi ünvanı: Bakı şəh. Xəzər ray. Binə ŞTQ, Heydər Əliyev Beynəlxalq Aeroportu VÖEN: 9900067141 Səhmlərin sayı: 175,799,832 ədəd – hər səhmin nominal dəyəri 1 AZN
14. Nizamnamə kapitalında emitentin payı beş faizdən az olmayan hüquqi şəxslər (hüquqi şəxsin adı, olduğu yer, VÖEN-i, nizamnamə kapitalında emitentin payı);	Hüquqi şəxs – Silk Way Aviaşirkəti MMC (100% pay), Hüquqi ünvanı: Bakı şəh. Xəzər ray. Binə ŞTQ, Heydər Əliyev Beynəlxalq Aeroportu VÖEN: 9900067141 Səhmlərin sayı: 175,799,832 ədəd – hər səhmin nominal dəyəri 1 AZN
15. Emitentin səhmdarlarının (payçılarının) hesabat dövrü ərzində keçirilmiş yığıncaqları barədə məlumat:	
15.1. Yığıncağın keçirilmə tarixi və yeri (ünvanı);	1 Mart 2022 – SW Ofis binası 17 Mart 2022 – SW Ofis binası 01 İyun 2022 - SW Ofis binası 14 İyun 2022 - SW Ofis binası
15.2. Ümumi yığıncaqda qəbul edilmiş qərarlar;	- Təsisçilərə dividend elan olunması; - Bankdan kredit götürülməsi ilə bağlı girovla bağlı qərarın təsdiq olunması; - İllik maliyyə hesabatının təsdiq olunması. - Banka deposit qoyulması ilə bağlı qərarın təsdiq olunması;
16. Emitentin dövrüdə olan investisiya qiymətli kağızlarının buraxılışları haqqında məlumat (investisiya qiymətli kağızların hər buraxılışı ayrı-ayrılıqda göstərilir):	Aşağıda qeyd olunub.
16.1. investisiya qiymətli kağızın növü və forması:	1-cü tranş - faizli təmin edilməmiş istiqrazlar, sənədsiz adlı 2-cü tranş - faizli təmin edilməmiş istiqrazlar, sənədsiz

	adlı 3-cü tranş - faizli təmin edilməmiş istiqrazlar, sənədsiz adlı
16.2.investisiya qiymətli kağızlar buraxılışının dövlət qeydiyyat nömrəsi və qeydiyyat tarixi:	1-ci tranş - AZ2001023517, 30 noyabr 2021-ci il 2-ci tranş - AZ2002023516, 22 dekabr 2021-ci il 3-cü tranş - AZ2003023515, 13 may 2022-ci il
16.3.investisiya qiymətli kağızların miqdarı və nominal dəyəri:	1-cü tranş - 10,000 ədəd, 1,000 ABŞ dolları 2-cü tranş - 10,000 ədəd, 1,000 ABŞ dolları 3-cü tranş - 10,000 ədəd, 1,000 ABŞ dolları
16.4.investisiya qiymətli kağızlar buraxılışının məcmu nominal dəyəri:	50,000 ədəd, 1,000 ABŞ dolları
16.5.hesabat ili ərzində emitent tərəfindən səhmlər üzrə ödənilmiş dividendlər haqqında məlumat (hesabat ilində səhmlərin hər növü üzrə ödənilmiş dividendlərin məbləği göstərilir):	Dividend ödənilmir, yalnız faiz gəliri ödənilir
16.6.faiqli istiqrazlar buraxılışı haqqında məlumatda - istiqrazlar üzrə gəlirliyin illik faiz dərəcəsi:	1-cü tranş – 5% 2-cü tranş – 5% 3-cü tranş – 5%
16.7. investisiya qiymətli kağızların yerləşdirildiyi və ya tədavüldə olduğu fond birjasının adı və olduğu yer (olduqda):	1-cü tranş – Bakı Fond Birjası 2-cü tranş – Bakı Fond Birjası 3-cü tranş – Bakı Fond Birjası
17. Emitent tərəfindən bağlanmış xüsusi əhəmiyyətli əqdlər barədə məlumatlar:  17.1. əqdin məbləği;  17.2. hesabat tarixinə əqdin ödənilməmiş hissəsi.	-
18.emitent tərəfindən aidiyyəti şəxslərlə bağlanmış əqdlər barədə məlumatlar:  18.1. bağlanmış əqdin mahiyyəti, tarixi və məbləği;  18.2. aidiyyəti şəxs barədə məlumat və emitentlə aidiyyət əlaqəsi.	Yoxdur
19.İllik hesabatın təsdiq edildiyi ümumi yığıncağın tarixi:	5 iyun 2023-ci il
20. hesabatın açıqlanma mənbəyi haqqında məlumat	<a href="https://www.cbar.az/meas">https://www.cbar.az/meas</a>

**Təsdiq etdi:**

----- ASC / MMC-nin prezidenti

  
  
**Mr. Wolfgang Meier**

**“SILK WAY WEST  
AIRLINES”  
LIMITED LIABILITY  
COMPANY**

Consolidated Financial Statements and  
Independent Auditor’s Report  
for the year ended 31 December 2022

# **“SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES” LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

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**“SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES” LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT’S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

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Management is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of “Silk Way West Airlines” Limited Liability Company, its representative offices and branches (the “Group”) as at 31 December 2022, consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and of significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”).

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for:

- Properly selecting and applying accounting policies;
- Presenting information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- Providing additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Group’s consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance; and
- Making an assessment of the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern.

Management is also responsible for:

- Designing, implementing and maintaining an effective and sound system of internal controls throughout the Group;
- Maintaining adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group’s transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time consolidated financial position of the Group, and which enable them to ensure that the consolidated financial statements of the Group comply with IFRSs;
- Maintaining statutory accounting records in compliance with local legislation and accounting standards;
- Taking such steps as are reasonably available to them to safeguard the assets of the Group; and
- Preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 were authorised for issue by management on 06 June 2023.

On behalf of Management:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Wolfgang Meier  
President



Baku, the Republic of Azerbaijan  
06 June 2023

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Mrs. Jamila Alimirzayeva  
Financial Executive Vice-President

Baku, the Republic of Azerbaijan  
06 June 2023

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder and the Board of Directors of "Silk Way West Airlines" Limited Liability Company

### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of "Silk Way West Airlines" Limited Liability Company, its representative offices and branches (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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**Why the matter was determined to be a key audit matter**

**How the matter was addressed in the audit**

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**Transportation revenue recognition**

Transportation revenue is one of the key measures of financial performance and amounted to AZN 3,155,118 thousand (Note 5) for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Transportation revenue is highly affected by the supply and demand on the market. The input, processing, and maintenance of rates and freight information in the air waybills and accounting system involve manual operations. Generation and collection of revenue in various geographic locations also give rise to an inherent risk that revenue could be subject to manipulation.

Our audit procedures around revenue recognition included the following:

- obtaining an understanding of the business processes, including authorization of transaction, its processing in IT systems and recognition of revenue;
- assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of management’s key controls over revenue recognition;
- inspecting air waybills and other supporting documentation for transportation revenue transactions on a sample basis;
- performing analytical procedures on transportation revenue by developing expectations using operational inputs and information generated from public sources, and comparing such expectations with recorded revenue;
- performing analytical procedures on trend and correlation of transportation revenue with non-financial parameters (number of flights per destinations, flight hours, fuel consumed, and cargo weight transported);
- reconciling non-financial parameters (number of flights, flight hours) with technical data on flight cycles and hours on a sample basis;
- performing analytical procedures and review of subsequent movements in uncollected portion of transportation revenue; and
- testing sales agent commissions and incentives.



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**Why the matter was determined to be a key audit matter****How the matter was addressed in the audit****Revaluation of aircraft and related overhauls**

The Group applies revaluation model for aircraft and related overhauls class of assets.

The carrying value of the Group's aircraft and related overhauls was AZN 961,433 thousand as at 31 December 2022 (Note 12 and 13).

At the end of each reporting period, management assesses whether there have been significant changes in the fair value of aircraft and related overhauls, necessitating a revaluation.

As a result of the assessment, management concluded that no revaluation is needed for the current year since the change in fair values obtained from independent sources (proxy fair values) does not materially differ from the depreciation charge for the asset class. Last revaluation of the Group's aircraft was performed as of 31 December 2020.

We identified the assessment of revaluation of aircraft and related overhauls as a key audit matter because of the significance of the carrying value of such assets to the consolidated financial statements and because whether or not a revaluation is needed is a significant judgment that could be subject to management bias.

Our audit procedures included the following:

- inquiring management and reviewing board minutes and other papers to understand whether there were any events and circumstances that could indicate change in aircraft and related overhauls values;
- challenging key management assumptions, including useful lives and residual values applied by management for depreciation, as well as market lease rates;
- performing independent analysis of contradictory information, if any, using evidence obtained from public sources; and
- inspecting information provided by external specialists and used by management as proxy fair values for aircraft and related overhauls as at 31 December 2022.

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**Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period, and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

  
Jamal Hasanov  
Engagement Partner



06 June 2023

**“SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES” LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022  
(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)**

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
Revenue	5	3,225,006	2,879,573
Other operating income		19,522	27,094
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>3,244,528</b>	<b>2,906,667</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Fuel		(886,577)	(546,327)
Handling, landing and navigation charges		(317,331)	(334,820)
Depreciation	12, 13	(161,620)	(159,575)
Aircraft and engine lease costs	6	(149,716)	(162,870)
Commissions		(132,567)	(118,883)
Staff costs	7	(84,334)	(88,846)
Engineering and maintenance		(61,337)	(70,225)
Fees for transportation by chartered flights		(59,623)	(132,845)
Material expenses		(36,093)	(16,389)
Trucking costs		(37,400)	(51,156)
Crew rental and other crew costs		(34,146)	(37,015)
Taxes other than income tax		(18,826)	(9,803)
Other operating expenses		(37,536)	(39,325)
<b>Total operating expenses</b>		<b>(2,017,106)</b>	<b>(1,768,079)</b>
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>1,227,422</b>	<b>1,138,588</b>
Finance cost, net	8	(50,581)	(49,557)
Foreign exchange loss, net		(11,260)	(6,610)
Impairment (losses) / recoveries on financial assets, net	14, 26	(3,215)	1,977
Other income, net	9	12,875	67,063
<b>Profit before income tax</b>		<b>1,175,241</b>	<b>1,151,461</b>
Income tax expense	10	(235,363)	(231,231)
<b>Net profit for the year and other comprehensive income</b>		<b>939,878</b>	<b>920,230</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**“SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES” LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

**AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022**

*(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

	Notes	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Right-of-use assets	13	806,749	861,923
Property and equipment	12	355,592	298,076
Advances paid	22	368,603	180,150
Restricted cash	19	20,400	20,400
Security deposits		19,846	22,495
Other long-term assets		14,229	14,091
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>1,585,419</b>	<b>1,397,135</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Bank deposits	20	425,000	-
Cash and bank balances	19	402,397	307,906
Trade and other receivables	14	126,280	207,094
Amounts due from related parties	26	65,019	83,664
Inventories		40,197	19,369
Advances paid		35,609	28,034
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>1,094,502</b>	<b>646,067</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>2,679,921</b>	<b>2,043,202</b>
<b>Equity</b>			
Charter capital	15	175,800	172,091
Additional paid-in capital		11,439	11,439
Retained earnings		988,144	175,804
Revaluation reserves	23	266,999	266,999
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>1,442,382</b>	<b>626,333</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Lease liabilities	17	479,089	538,835
Loans and borrowings	18	251,197	248,112
Deferred tax liabilities	11	70,624	71,914
Provisions	21	31,489	31,047
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>832,399</b>	<b>889,908</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	16	186,364	169,845
Lease liabilities	17	120,062	88,342
Current income tax liabilities		45,775	185,408
Loans and borrowings	18	33,097	17,347
Amounts due to related parties	26	12,468	55,427
Advances from customers		7,170	10,274
Other liabilities		204	318
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>405,140</b>	<b>526,961</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>2,679,921</b>	<b>2,043,202</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**“SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES” LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022  
(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)**

	Notes	Charter capital	Additional paid-in capital	Revaluation reserve	Retained earnings / (accumulated deficit)	Total equity
<b>Balance at 1 January 2021</b>		<b>123,279</b>	<b>11,439</b>	<b>234,356</b>	<b>(31,579)</b>	<b>337,495</b>
Increase in charter capital	15	48,812	-	-	-	48,812
Dividends paid		-	-	-	(680,204)	(680,204)
Transfer from retained earnings to revaluation reserves	23	-	-	32,643	(32,643)	-
Net profit for the year		-	-	-	920,230	920,230
<b>Balance at 31 December 2021</b>		<b>172,091</b>	<b>11,439</b>	<b>266,999</b>	<b>175,804</b>	<b>626,333</b>
Increase in charter capital	15	3,709	-	-	-	3,709
Dividends paid		-	-	-	(127,538)	(127,538)
Net profit for the year		-	-	-	939,878	939,878
<b>Balance at 31 December 2022</b>		<b>175,800</b>	<b>11,439</b>	<b>266,999</b>	<b>988,144</b>	<b>1,442,382</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**“SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES” LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022  
(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)**

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
Profit before income tax		1,175,241	1,151,461
<i>Adjustments for:</i>			
Depreciation	12, 13	161,620	159,575
Finance cost, net	8	50,581	49,557
Foreign exchange loss, net		11,260	6,610
Impairment losses / (recoveries) on financial assets, net	14, 26	3,215	(1,977)
Gain in disposal of property and equipment	9	(4,131)	-
Gain on lease modification	9	-	(32,085)
Gain on early termination of lease	9	-	(31,304)
<b>Operating cash flow before movements in working capital</b>		<b>1,397,786</b>	<b>1,301,837</b>
Change in trade and other receivables		(376,374)	(258,295)
Change in amount due from related parties		(232,364)	(413,404)
Change in inventories		(20,828)	(13,218)
Change in advances paid		(7,575)	(11,689)
Change in other long-term assets		(138)	(3,846)
Change in trade and other payables		495,505	465,111
Change in amounts due to related parties		25,623	143,704
Change in advances from customers		(3,104)	4,788
Change in other liabilities		(114)	(1,818)
<b>Cash generated by operating activities</b>		<b>1,278,417</b>	<b>1,213,170</b>
Income tax paid		(237,965)	(35,320)
Interest paid		(37,117)	(44,122)
<b>Net cash generated by operating activities</b>		<b>1,003,335</b>	<b>1,133,728</b>
<b>Investing activities</b>			
Bank deposit placement	20	(425,000)	-
Advance payments for aircraft purchase	22	(160,874)	(96,714)
Payments for property and equipment purchases and overhauls		(61,507)	(41,536)
Advance payments for maintenance reserve and aircraft repair services		(41,345)	(39,510)
Advance payments for engine purchase	22	(21,900)	-
Security deposit payments		(1,317)	(2,556)
Payments for right-of-use asset overhauls		-	(12,823)
Cash held as collateral	19	-	(20,400)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(711,943)</b>	<b>(213,539)</b>

**“SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES” LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022  
(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)**

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
<b>Financing activities</b>			
Dividends paid	15	(127,538)	(680,204)
Principal payments on lease liabilities	18	(85,230)	(113,922)
Principal payments on loans and borrowings	18	(53,369)	(103,124)
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	18	72,051	71,400
Increase in charter capital	15	-	19,468
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>		<b>(194,086)</b>	<b>(806,382)</b>
<b>Net change in cash and bank balances</b>		<b>97,306</b>	<b>113,807</b>
Foreign currency effect on cash		(2,815)	(2,167)
<b>Cash and bank balances, beginning of the year</b>	19	<b>307,906</b>	<b>196,266</b>
<b>Cash and bank balances, end of the year</b>	19	<b>402,397</b>	<b>307,906</b>

Following non-cash transactions were not included in consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021:

- (a) Recognition of right-of-use assets of AZN 42,265 thousand through lease liabilities (2021: AZN 56,815 thousand) (Note 17);
- (b) Charter capital increase of AZN 3,709 thousand through capital contribution in a form of property and equipment (2021: AZN 29,344 thousand) (Note 15);
- (c) Capitalisation of AZN 9,364 thousand for overhaul of an engine by transfer from other long-term assets (advance payments for aircraft repair service providers under power-by-hour (PBH)) (2021: AZN 9,364 thousand);
- (d) Transfer of right-of-use assets of AZN 13,470 thousand to property and equipment upon purchase of a previously leased aircraft (2021: Transfer of right-of-use asset of AZN 19,531 thousand to property and equipment and derecognition of provision against right-of-use asset of AZN 7,096 thousand upon purchase of a previously leased aircraft) (Note 9, 12 and 13).
- (e) Offset of security deposit of AZN 2,125 thousand (2021: AZN 2,125 thousand) and refundable contributions to maintenance reserve of AZN 26,165 thousand (2021: AZN 16,427 thousand) with amount payable upon purchase of previously leased aircraft (Note 9);
- (f) Offset of amount due from related parties and trade and other receivables of AZN 47,448 thousand (2021: AZN 61,014 thousand);
- (g) Offset of amount due from related parties and trade and other payables of AZN 248,957 thousand (2021: AZN 282,523 thousand);
- (h) Offset of amount due from related parties and amount due to related parties of AZN 48,163 thousand (2021: AZN 171,605 thousand);
- (i) Offset of trade and other receivables with trade and other payables of AZN 237,215 thousand (2021: AZN 146,132 thousand);
- (j) Offset of trade and other receivables with amount due to related parties of AZN 20,081 thousand (2021: AZN 446 thousand);
- (k) Offset of trade and other receivable with current income tax liabilities of AZN 138,321 thousand (2021: AZN 20,732 thousand);
- (l) Transfer from investment property to property and equipment of AZN 67,915 thousand in 2021;
- (m) Adjustments made to right-of-use asset due to derecognition of lease liability and maintenance provision of AZN 16,264 thousand and AZN 4,654 thousand, respectively, upon modification of a lease contract (Note 9 and 13) in 2021; and
- (n) Reclassification of advance payment on behalf of the Parent for PBH to amounts due from related parties of AZN 10,931 thousand in 2021.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



# SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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### 1. NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

“Silk Way West Airlines” Limited Liability Company (the “Company”) is a legal entity registered by the State Tax Service under the Ministry of Economy of the Republic of Azerbaijan on 19 January 2012. The registered office of the Company is at Heydar Aliyev International Airport, Baku, the Republic of Azerbaijan.

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of transportation services through scheduled routes and chartered trips through Europe, Asia and America from central hub located in Heydar Aliyev Airport, Baku, the Republic of Azerbaijan. The Company provides transportation services in the global market through its representative offices and branches located in different regions of the world. Representative offices and branches through which transportation services are provided as of 31 December 2022 and 2021 are listed below:

<u>Representative offices and branches</u>	<u>Place of operation</u>
Silk Way Zhengzhou	China
Silk Way Seoul	Korea
Silk Way Shanghai	China
Silk Way Tokyo	Japan
Silk Way Alma-Ata	Kazakhstan
Silk Way Tbilisi	Georgia
Silk Way West Ukraine	Ukraine
Silk Way Tianjin Binhai	China
Silk Way Singapore	Singapore

The Company has a branch located in Azerbaijan, Silk Way West Technics that provides technical maintenance services to aircraft.

The Company, representative offices and branches are consolidated in the financial statements and collectively referred as the “Group”.

The Group is 100% owned by Silk Way Airlines Limited Liability Company (the “Parent”) as at 31 December 2022 and 2021. The ultimate parent of the Group is Silk Way Development Limited Liability Company and ultimate controlling party is Mr. Zaur Akhundov.

### 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS

#### **New and amended IFRS Accounting Standards that are effective for the current year**

There were no new and amended standards that are effective which could materially impact the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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#### **New and revised IFRS Standards in issue but not yet effective**

At the date of authorisation of these consolidated financial statements, the Group has not applied amendments to the following IFRS Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective:

<b>Standards</b>	<b>Effective date</b>
IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts (including the June 2020 and December 2021 Amendments to IFRS 17) - <i>Insurance Contracts</i>	1 January 2023
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 - <i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i>	To be set by the Board
IAS 1 - <i>Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current</i>	1 January 2023
IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 - <i>Disclosure of Accounting Policies</i>	1 January 2023
IAS 8 - <i>Definition of Accounting Estimates</i>	1 January 2023
IAS 12 - <i>Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction</i>	1 January 2023

Management do not expect that the adoption of the Standards listed above will have a material impact on the financial statements of the Group in future periods, except as noted below:

#### ***Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes—Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction***

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption to exclude transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences- e.g. leases. The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. For leases and decommissioning liabilities, the associated deferred tax asset and liabilities will need to be recognized from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognized as an adjustment to retained earnings or other components of the equity at that date. For all other transactions, the amendments apply to transactions that occur after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

The Group accounts for deferred tax on leases applying the “integrally linked” approach, resulting in similar outcome to the amendments, except that the deferred tax asset or liability is recognized on a net basis. Under the amendments, the Group will recognize a separate deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability. The impact on taxable temporary difference in relation to the right-of-use asset will be AZN 89,976 thousand and a deductible temporary difference in relation to the lease liability and maintenance provision will be AZN 70,622 thousand and AZN 4,549 thousand, respectively, resulting in a net deferred tax liability of AZN 14,765 thousand as at 31 December 2022. There will be no impact on retained earnings on adoption of the amendments.

### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Basis of accounting**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”) and comply with all issued and effective IFRSs at the time of preparing these consolidated financial statements.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for revaluation of aircraft and related overhauls that are measured at revalued amounts at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in IAS 2 Inventories.

The same accounting policies, presentation and methods of computation have been followed the year ended 31 December 2022 as were applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### **Going concern**

Management have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

The national currency of Azerbaijan is the Azerbaijani Manat ("AZN"), which is the Group's functional currency, because it reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances of the Group. Azerbaijani Manat is also the presentation currency for these consolidated financial statements. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand AZN, except when otherwise indicated.

#### **Foreign currency transactions**

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the Group's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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The relevant exchange rates are as follows:

	<u>31 December 2022</u>	<u>31 December 2021</u>
AZN / USD	1.7000	1.7000
AZN / EUR	1.8114	1.9265

#### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when it transfers control of a service to a customer.

#### ***Transportation revenue***

Revenue from transportation services includes sales generated from the transportation of goods through scheduled and chartered flights and is recognised when the air transportation is provided.

#### ***Technical maintenance and repair revenue***

Revenue from maintenance services is recognised in the period in which the services are rendered.

#### ***Operating lease rental income***

Rental income from operating leases is recognised when earned, on a time apportionment basis.

#### **Leases**

#### ***The Group as lessee***

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

The incremental borrowing rate depends on the term, currency and start date of the lease and is determined based on a series of inputs including: the risk-free rate based on government bond rates; a country-specific risk adjustment; a credit risk adjustment based on bond yields.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- Fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date; and
- Fixed or in-substance fixed payments to the maintenance reserve, that are not expected to be refunded in cash by lessor.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Group remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- The lease term has changed or there is a significant event or change in circumstances resulting in a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate.
- The lease payments change due to changes in an index or rate or a change in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using an unchanged discount rate (unless the lease payments change is due to a change in a floating interest rate, in which case a revised discount rate is used).
- A lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day, less any lease incentives received, non-refundable maintenance contributions and any initial direct costs. Leased aircraft are subsequently measured at revalued amounts whereas remaining right-of-use asset classes are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The Group recognises maintenance provisions related to return obligations constituting major maintenance and restoration work, airframe and engine potential reconstitution within the framework of the leasing of aircraft. These costs are included in the related right-of-use asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the right-of-use asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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Variable rents that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement the lease liability and the right-of-use asset. The related payments are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs and are included in the line "Aircraft and engine lease costs" in profit or loss.

#### ***The Group as lessor***

The Group enters into lease agreements as a lessor with respect to its aircraft rented out.

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### **Finance cost**

Finance cost comprise interest expense on loans and borrowings and lease liabilities. All finance costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **Employee benefit obligations**

Remuneration to employees in respect of services rendered during the reporting period, including accruals for unused vacation and bonuses and related social payments, is recognised as an expense in the period when it is earned.

In accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Azerbaijan, pension payments are calculated by an employer as certain percentages of salary expenses and transferred to the State Social Protection Fund of the Republic of Azerbaijan. This expense is charged to profit or loss in the period in which the related salaries are earned. Upon retirement, all retirement benefit payments are made by the fund. The Group does not have any pension arrangements separate from the state pension system of the Republic of Azerbaijan. In addition, the Group has no post-retirement benefits or other significant compensated benefits requiring accrual.

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of current income and deferred tax charges.

#### ***Current tax***

Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date at the end of the reporting period.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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A provision is recognised for those matters for which the tax determination is uncertain but it is considered probable that there will be a future outflow of funds to a tax authority. The provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amount expected to become payable. The assessment is based on the judgement of tax professionals within the Group supported by previous experience in respect of such activities and in certain cases based on specialist independent tax advice.

#### ***Deferred tax***

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### ***Current tax and deferred tax for the year***

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### ***Operating taxes***

Azerbaijan also has various other taxes (such as property tax, social tax and withholding tax), which are assessed on the Group's activities. These taxes are included as a component of operating expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### **Accounting for payments made to aircraft repair service providers under power-by-hour agreements**

As part of aircraft maintenance and overhaul (major maintenance) expenditure, the Group enters into power-by-hour ("PBH") agreement for engine maintenance with original equipment manufacturers of aircraft engines. The monthly payments are based on the number of flight hours multiplied by fixed rate per hour and rate per flight hour is escalated on an annual basis in accordance with PBH agreement. Monthly payments made are partially recorded as an advance payment, to the extent that it is to be utilised through future overhaul and partially is expensed-off as part of daily maintenance expenses.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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Upon completion of an overhaul during the year, part of advanced payments is capitalised over aircraft. The proportion of the amount to be expensed-off and capitalised is determined based on the best estimate of the proportion of day-to-day maintenance compared to that, which extends the useful lives of the engines.

#### **Property and equipment**

Items of property and equipment held for use in the supply of services, or for administrative purposes, except aircraft and related overhauls are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Aircraft and related overhauls are carried at a revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of the revaluation less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Revaluation is performed with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values at the end of each reporting period.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such aircraft is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously expensed. A decrease in the carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such aircraft is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the aircraft revaluation reserves relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.

Depreciation on revalued aircraft is recognised in profit or loss. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued aircraft, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining in the revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings.

When parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment. The cost relating to an acquired (owned or leased) aircraft reflects all components in its full service potential excluding the maintenance condition of its landing gear, airframe, auxiliary power unit and engines (major components). The cost relating to the major maintenance element is identified on acquisition as a separate component and depreciated till its next major maintenance event.

Major spare parts and stand-by equipment are classified as property and equipment when the Group expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property and equipment, they are accounted for as property and equipment.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. Capitalised costs include major expenditures for improvements and replacements that extend the useful lives of the assets or increase their revenue generating capacity. Repairs and maintenance expenditures that do not meet the foregoing criteria for capitalization are charged to the profit or loss as incurred.



## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

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#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method on the following bases:

<b>Category</b>	<b>Useful life</b>	<b>Residual value</b>
Aircraft and related overhauls		
<i>Airframe</i>	25 years	10% of cost
<i>Overhauls and checks</i>	8-10 years, 10,000 hours	nil
Engines and related overhauls		
<i>Engine</i>	25 years	nil
<i>Overhaul component of engines</i>	2,800-3,500 cycles	nil
Building and infrastructure	25 years	nil
Others	5-10 years	nil

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of the lease term and the useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Aircraft and engines**

Aircraft and engines are depreciated using the straight-line method over their average estimated useful life of twenty five years. During the operating cycle, the Group reviews whether the depreciable base or the useful life should be adjusted and, if necessary, determines whether a residual value should be recognised.

#### **Major overhauls**

Overhauls of major components and related expenditure are capitalised and depreciated over the average expected life between major overhauls based on flight hours and cycles. All other costs relating to maintenance of an aircraft are charged to the profit or loss upon consumption or as incurred.

#### **Impairment of property and equipment and right-of-use assets**

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease and to the extent that the impairment loss is greater than the related revaluation reserves, the excess impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss to the extent that it eliminates the impairment loss which has been recognised for the asset in prior years. Any increase in excess of this amount is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### **Advances paid**

Advance payments are carried at cost less impairment losses. An advance payment is classified as non-current when the goods or services relating to the advance payment are expected to be obtained after one year, or when the advance payment relates to an asset which will itself be classified as non-current upon initial recognition. Advance payment to acquire assets are transferred to the carrying amount of the asset once the Group has obtained control of the asset and it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group. If there is an indication that the assets, goods or services relating to an advance payment will not be received, the carrying value of the advance payment is written down accordingly and a corresponding impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss for the period.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

#### ***Maintenance provisions***

Maintenance provisions for the costs to restore leased assets to their original condition, as required by the terms and conditions of the lease, are recognised when the obligation is incurred, either at the commencement date or as a consequence of having used the underlying asset during a particular period of the lease, at management's best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to restore the assets. Estimates are regularly reviewed and adjusted as appropriate for new circumstances.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

For financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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#### **Financial assets**

All financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus transaction costs.

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of IFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value on the basis of the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

#### ***Amortised cost and effective interest method***

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### ***Cash and bank balances***

Cash and bank balances comprise of bank balances and cash in transit.

#### ***Impairment of financial assets***

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime expected credit losses (ECL) for trade receivables. The credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions, credit ratings and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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*(i) Significant increase in credit risk*

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organizations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- An actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- Significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor, or the length of time or the extent to which the fair value of a financial asset has been less than its amortised cost;
- Existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- An actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- Significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- An actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

1. The financial instrument has a low risk of default,
2. The debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and
3. Adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

*(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of 'investment grade' in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of 'performing'. Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### *(ii) Definition of default*

If historical experience indicates that financial assets, for which information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full, the Group considers this as an event of default for internal risk management purposes.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### *(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets*

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) A breach of contract, such as a default or past due event (see (ii) above);
- (c) The lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- (e) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

It may not be possible to identify a single discrete event instead; the combined effect of several events may have caused financial assets to become credit-impaired.

#### *(iv) Write-off policy*

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Recoveries resulting from the Group's enforcement activities will result in impairment gains and recognised in profit or loss.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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#### *(v) Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses*

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

#### ***Derecognition of financial assets***

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire; or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Financial liabilities**

##### ***Classification as debt or equity***

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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#### ***Financial liabilities***

Financial liabilities (other than financial guarantee), including trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

#### ***Derecognition of financial liabilities***

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### ***Offsetting***

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expense is not offset in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income unless required or permitted by any accounting standard or interpretation, and as specifically disclosed in the accounting policies of the Group.

#### ***Dividends***

Dividends are recognised as a liability and deducted from equity at the reporting date only if they are declared before or on the reporting date. Dividends are disclosed when they are proposed before the reporting date or proposed or declared after the reporting date but before the consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### **4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY**

In applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, management is required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognized, and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are presented separately below) that management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in consolidated financial statements.



## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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#### **Critical judgments in applying accounting policies**

##### ***Transactions with general sales agents***

In normal course of business, the Group sells air cargo transportation services through general sales agents. Certain portion of Group's air cargo transportation services (2022: AZN 731,322 thousand and 2021: AZN 667,592 thousand) are sold through related parties under common control, who act as general sales agents. Critical judgement is applied by management in considering whether general sales agents act as agents or principals in relation to the services provided to final customers.

Management considers whether agent has performance obligation to provide services to the customer or whether the agent's obligation is to facilitate the services provided by the Group. Group management assessed and concluded that the Group is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the service and it has discretion in establishing the price for the air cargo transportation service, even though agents bear credit risks associated with payments from final customers. Consequently, all revenue is recognised at gross amount from final customer and commission paid to agents is recognized as operating expense.

##### ***Leases***

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date and whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

##### ***Agreement to lease engines***

The Group signed certain framework lease agreement (the "Framework Agreement") with one of its engine providers. The Framework Agreement contains specified list of engines with the maximum flight potential available for lease per each engine until the maturity date of 31 December 2025. When the Group needs an engine, a separate lease agreement ("Lease Agreement") is signed with reference to the specific engine. The Lease Agreement specifies the engine leased (which is from the list in the Framework Agreement), minimum utilization per month and fee per cycle. Management concluded the arrangement contains a lease, as

- Both Lease Agreement and Framework Agreement includes identifiable asset/pool of assets;
- The Group is able to control the use of the engine being leased for the lease period and can make economic decisions about the use of the engine;
- The Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the engine during the lease term.

##### ***Agreement to lease an aircraft***

The Group entered into a lease agreement that does not specify a particular contractual term, but continues indefinitely until either party to the contract gives notice to terminate. It includes a notice period and does not oblige either party to make a payment on termination.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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Management considered below facts and circumstances and concluded that non-cancelable period could not be determined:

- No leasehold improvements are undertaken by the Group over the term of the lease agreement;
- No significant costs or termination penalties will be incurred and the Group will be able to use and obtain economic benefit from the aircraft during the notice period;
- There are available alternatives in the market that could be found during the notice period;
- The Group's historical practice with the lease agreements containing option to extend.

#### ***Aircraft and related overhauls revaluation***

Management assessed whether revaluation of aircraft and related overhauls is required in the current year. As a result of the assessment, management concluded that there had been no significant changes observed in the market since 31 December 2021 and the last revaluation date of 31 December 2020, and the carrying amounts of aircraft approximated their fair values as of 31 December 2022. Accordingly, no revaluation was conducted as of the reporting date.

#### ***Taxation***

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated additional tax assessments as a result of tax audits based on estimates of whether it is probable that additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax provisions in the period in which such determinations are made. Fiscal periods remain open to review by the tax authorities in respect of taxes for the three calendar years preceding the year of tax review. Under certain circumstances reviews may cover longer periods. While the Group believes it has provided adequately for all tax liabilities based on its understanding of the tax legislation, the above facts may create additional financial risks for the Group.

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

##### ***Useful lives of property and equipment***

The Group's property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives which are based on management's business plans and operational estimates. When parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment.

The factors that could affect the estimation of the life of a non-current asset and its residual value include the following:

- Changes in maintenance technology;
- Changes in regulations and legislation; and
- Unforeseen operational issues.

Any of the above could affect prospective depreciation of property and equipment and their carrying and residual values. The estimation of the useful lives of items of property and equipment is a matter of judgment based on the Group's experience with similar assets.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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The future economic benefits embodied in the assets are consumed principally through use. However, other factors, such as technical or commercial obsolescence and condition of the assets (including operational factors and utilization of maintenance programs), often will result in a change of the economic benefit from these assets.

Management periodically reviews the appropriateness of the remaining useful lives of property, and equipment. Revisions to estimates of the useful lives of items of property and equipment are recognised prospectively in the period of the revision and where applicable, future periods. Accordingly, this may impact the amount of depreciation charge and carrying amount of property and equipment to be recognised in the future.

Residual value of aircraft is based on the estimated future fair value of the aircraft at the end of useful life and changes in these estimations may have significant effect on results for the periods.

#### ***Aircraft maintenance and overhaul expenditure under power-by-hour agreements***

The Group has entered into several power-by-hour (“PBH”) engine maintenance agreements with original equipment manufacturers of aircraft engines. The monthly payments are based on the number of hours flown. A portion of the cost is expensed at a fixed rate per hour during the term of the PBH agreement. The remaining payments made are recorded as advance payment, to the extent that it is to be utilised through future maintenance activities and capitalised upon completion of an overhaul.

The proportion of the amount to be expensed off and capitalised is determined based on the best estimate of the proportion of day-to-day maintenance compared to maintenance which extends the useful lives of the engine.

## 5. REVENUE

	<b>Year ended 31 December 2022</b>	<b>Year ended 31 December 2021</b>
Transportation revenue	3,155,118	2,797,114
Technical maintenance and repair revenue	47,670	46,901
Operating lease rental income	4,003	24,440
Other revenue	18,215	11,118
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>3,225,006</b>	<b>2,879,573</b>

Operating lease rental income consists of rental income generated from the leasing of two Boeing aircraft by a related party.

## 6. AIRCRAFT AND ENGINE LEASE COSTS

Group incurred AZN 149,716 thousand (2021: AZN 162,870 thousand) aircraft and engine lease costs for the use of several lessors’ aircraft and engines. Major part of the agreements comprise variable charges based on actual cycles and hours flown.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

During 2022, the main lessors from which the Group rented aircraft were its related parties in the amount of AZN 96,121 thousand (2021: AZN 138,579 thousand).

#### 7. STAFF COSTS

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
Salaries and bonuses	72,760	76,959
Social taxes	11,574	11,887
<b>Total staff costs</b>	<b>84,334</b>	<b>88,846</b>

#### 8. FINANCE COST, NET

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
Interest on lease liabilities	35,436	36,714
Interest on loans and borrowings	14,336	12,803
Other finance costs	1,280	574
Unwinding of discount related to security deposits	(471)	(534)
<b>Finance cost, net</b>	<b>50,581</b>	<b>49,557</b>

#### 9. OTHER INCOME, NET

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	4,131	-
Other income	8,744	5,745
Gain on lease modification	-	32,085
Gain on early termination of lease	-	31,304
Other costs	-	(2,071)
<b>Total other income, net</b>	<b>12,875</b>	<b>67,063</b>

#### *Lease modification*

During 2021, the Group revised the term of one of its leases with the intention to purchase the aircraft in 2022. As a result of modification, right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability was offset and the difference of AZN 1,371 thousand was recognised through profit or loss within other income as a gain on lease modification.

The Group paid certain amount of security deposit and maintenance reserve contributions (refundable and non-refundable) for the aircraft from the commencement of the lease until the date of modification. Of these contributions for maintenance reserve AZN 8,291 thousand were considered as non-refundable and expensed to profit and loss in previous periods. As per the

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

agreement terms, total contributions for maintenance reserve will be deducted from the future purchase price of the aircraft. As a result, maintenance contributions assessed to be non-refundable until the modification date were recognised through profit or loss within other income as a gain on lease modification.

Maintenance provisions of the aircraft was derecognised against maintenance reserve within right-of-use asset as of the effective date of modification and a difference of AZN 22,423 thousand was charged to other income as a gain on lease modification.

During 2022 the aircraft was purchased and right-of-use asset as of the purchase date of AZN 13,470 thousand was reclassified to property and equipment and refundable contributions of AZN 26,165 AZN and security deposit of AZN 2,125 thousand were net-off against the aircraft purchase price (Note 13).

#### ***Purchase of leased aircraft***

During 2021, an aircraft previously leased and recognised as right-of-use asset by the Group was purchased before the expiration of the lease. As a result, right-of-use asset as of the purchase date of AZN 19,531 thousand was reclassified to property and equipment and the carrying amount of the purchased aircraft was adjusted for the difference between purchase price and the lease liability of AZN 21,379 thousand.

The Group paid AZN 2,125 thousand as security deposit and AZN 16,427 thousand as total contributions for maintenance reserve for the purchased aircraft from the commencement of the lease until the date of the purchase. Of these contributions for maintenance reserve AZN 3,968 thousand was considered as non-refundable and expensed to profit and loss in prior periods. As per the agreement terms, total contributions for maintenance reserve were deducted from the purchase price of the aircraft. As a result, maintenance contributions assessed to be non-refundable until the transaction date were recognised through profit or loss within other income as a gain on early termination of lease.

Maintenance provisions of the aircraft was derecognised against maintenance reserve within right-of-use asset as of purchase date and a difference of AZN 27,336 thousand was charged to other income as a gain on early termination of lease.

## 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
Current income tax expense	236,653	222,641
Deferred tax (income) / expense	(1,290)	6,191
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-	2,399
<b>Total income tax expense</b>	<b>235,363</b>	<b>231,231</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

The income tax expense for the year calculated at statutory income tax rate of 20% can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
Profit before income tax	1,175,241	1,151,461
Income tax expense at statutory tax rate (20%)	235,048	230,292
Effect of non-deductible expenses	315	939
<b>Total income tax expense</b>	<b>235,363</b>	<b>231,231</b>

#### 11. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The tax effect on the major temporary differences that give rise to the deferred liabilities as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 is presented below:

##### Movement in temporary differences during the year

	1 January 2022	Recognised in profit or loss	31 December 2022
Right-of-use assets	7,332	3,431	10,763
Property and equipment	25,116	884	26,000
Advances paid	18,275	(43)	18,232
Security deposits	(327)	116	(211)
Trade and other receivables	(4,367)	1,383	(2,984)
Other assets	2,331	(2,204)	127
Lease liabilities	17,824	1,939	19,763
Provisions	(1,661)	(88)	(1,749)
Trade and other payables	7,386	(6,593)	793
Other liabilities	5	(115)	(110)
<b>Total</b>	<b>71,914</b>	<b>(1,290)</b>	<b>70,624</b>

	1 January 2021	Recognised in profit or loss	Reclassification	31 December 2021
Right-of-use assets	2,421	4,911	-	7,332
Property and equipment	41,843	(13,201)	(3,526)	25,116
Advances paid	13,217	5,058	-	18,275
Security deposits	62	(389)	-	(327)
Investment property	(3,526)	-	3,526	-
Trade and other receivables	(2,373)	(1,994)	-	(4,367)
Other assets	(227)	2,558	-	2,331
Lease liabilities	11,044	6,780	-	17,824
Provisions	(1,606)	(55)	-	(1,661)
Trade and other payables	4,716	2,670	-	7,386
Other liabilities	152	(147)	-	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>65,723</b>	<b>6,191</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>71,914</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

#### 12. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Aircraft and related overhauls	Buildings	Engines*	Other	Total
<b>Cost or valuation</b>					
<b>Balance at 1 January 2021</b>	<b>101,010</b>	-	<b>71,351</b>	<b>4,474</b>	<b>176,835</b>
Transfer from investment property	67,915	-	-	-	67,915
Transfer from right-of-use assets	19,531	-	6,610	-	26,141
Additions	48,992	29,344	7,657	3,439	89,432
<b>Balance at 31 December 2021</b>	<b>237,448</b>	<b>29,344</b>	<b>85,618</b>	<b>7,913</b>	<b>360,323</b>
Transfer from right-of-use assets	13,470	-	2,751	-	16,221
Additions	82,849	-	13,293	5,748	101,890
<b>Balance at 31 December 2022</b>	<b>333,767</b>	<b>29,344</b>	<b>101,662</b>	<b>13,661</b>	<b>478,434</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
<b>Balance at 1 January 2021</b>	<b>(2,062)</b>	-	<b>(16,920)</b>	<b>(806)</b>	<b>(19,788)</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	(29,336)	(798)	(11,216)	(1,109)	(42,459)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2021</b>	<b>(31,398)</b>	<b>(798)</b>	<b>(28,136)</b>	<b>(1,915)</b>	<b>(62,247)</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	(45,664)	(1,915)	(11,508)	(1,508)	(60,595)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2022</b>	<b>(77,062)</b>	<b>(2,713)</b>	<b>(39,644)</b>	<b>(3,423)</b>	<b>(122,842)</b>
<b>Net book value</b>					
<b>At 31 December 2022</b>	<b>256,705</b>	<b>26,631</b>	<b>62,018</b>	<b>10,238</b>	<b>355,592</b>
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	<b>206,050</b>	<b>28,546</b>	<b>57,482</b>	<b>5,998</b>	<b>298,076</b>
<b>At 1 January 2021</b>	<b>98,948</b>	-	<b>54,431</b>	<b>3,668</b>	<b>157,047</b>
<b>Net book value if no revaluation took place</b>					
<b>At 31 December 2022</b>	<b>244,460</b>	<b>26,631</b>	<b>62,018</b>	<b>10,238</b>	<b>343,347</b>
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	<b>190,024</b>	<b>28,546</b>	<b>57,482</b>	<b>5,998</b>	<b>282,050</b>
<b>At 1 January 2021</b>	<b>99,022</b>	-	<b>54,431</b>	<b>3,668</b>	<b>157,121</b>

\* Engines with carrying amount of AZN 57,482 thousand and 54,431 thousand as at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2021, respectively, was presented within "Other" class of assets in prior year consolidated financial statements.

The Group's aircraft and related overhauls included in property and equipment and right-of-use assets were revalued as of 31 December 2020. Management assessed and concluded that carrying amount of aircraft as of 31 December 2022 and as of 31 December 2021, being the fair value at the date of revaluation (31 December 2020) less any subsequent accumulated depreciation, approximates their fair value, as there were no significant changes observed in the market and as a result, revaluation had not been performed for the current year.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

*(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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During 2022, an aircraft previously leased and recognised as right-of-use asset by the Group was purchased before the expiration of the lease. As a result, right-of-use asset with a carrying value of AZN 13,470 thousand as of purchase date was reclassified to property and equipment.

During 2021, an aircraft previously leased and recognised as right-of-use asset by the Group was purchased before the expiration of the lease. As a result, right-of-use asset with a carrying value of AZN 19,531 thousand as of purchase date was reclassified to property and equipment and the carrying amount of the purchased aircraft was adjusted by the difference between purchase price and the lease liability of AZN 21,379 thousand (Note 9).

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, property and equipment totaling AZN 53,848 thousand and AZN 64,685 thousand, respectively, were pledged as collateral on loans and borrowings obtained by the Group. As at 31 December 2022, AZN 89,673 thousand of property and equipment were pledged under the loans obtained by the Parent (2021: AZN 99,107 thousand).



**SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)  
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**13. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**

	Aircraft and related overhauls	Engines*	Other	Total
<b>Cost or valuation</b>				
<b>Balance at 1 January 2021</b>	<b>993,961</b>	<b>44,818</b>	-	<b>1,038,779</b>
Additions	22,187	56,815	-	79,002
Fully depreciated overhaul write-off	(1,360)	-	-	(1,360)
Decrease upon modification of lease	(39,013)	-	-	(39,013)
Transfer to property and equipment	(38,119)	(9,405)	-	(47,524)
Decrease upon termination of lease	(29,188)	-	-	(29,188)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2021</b>	<b>908,468</b>	<b>92,228</b>	-	<b>1,000,696</b>
Additions	7,382	52,131	2,559	62,072
Fully depreciated overhaul write-off	-	(9,054)	-	(9,054)
Transfer to property and equipment	(34,539)	(4,348)	-	(38,887)
Derecognition at the end of lease term	-	(1,982)	-	(1,982)
<b>Balance at 31 December 2022</b>	<b>881,311</b>	<b>128,975</b>	<b>2,559</b>	<b>1,012,845</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
<b>Balance at 1 January 2021</b>	<b>(74,034)</b>	<b>(10,553)</b>	-	<b>(84,587)</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	(105,109)	(12,007)	-	(117,116)
Fully depreciated overhaul write-off	1,360	-	-	1,360
Decrease upon modification of lease	18,095	-	-	18,095
Transfer to property and equipment	18,588	2,795	-	21,383
Decrease upon termination of lease	22,092	-	-	22,092
<b>Balance at 31 December 2021</b>	<b>(119,008)</b>	<b>(19,765)</b>	-	<b>(138,773)</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	(78,644)	(22,150)	(231)	(101,025)
Fully depreciated overhaul write-off	-	9,054	-	9,054
Transfer to property and equipment	21,069	1,597	-	22,666
Derecognition at the end of lease term	-	1,982	-	1,982
<b>Balance at 31 December 2022</b>	<b>(176,583)</b>	<b>(29,282)</b>	<b>(231)</b>	<b>(206,096)</b>
<b>Net book value</b>				
<b>At 31 December 2022</b>	<b>704,728</b>	<b>99,693</b>	<b>2,328</b>	<b>806,749</b>
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	<b>789,460</b>	<b>72,463</b>	-	<b>861,923</b>
<b>At 1 January 2021</b>	<b>919,927</b>	<b>34,265</b>	-	<b>954,192</b>
<b>Net book value if no revaluation took place</b>				
<b>At 31 December 2022</b>	<b>520,433</b>	<b>99,693</b>	<b>2,328</b>	<b>622,454</b>
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	<b>596,398</b>	<b>72,463</b>	-	<b>668,861</b>
<b>At 1 January 2021</b>	<b>712,071</b>	<b>34,265</b>	-	<b>746,336</b>

\* Engines with carrying amount of AZN 72,463 thousand and 34,265 thousand as at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2021, respectively, was presented within "Other" class of assets in prior year consolidated financial statements.

The Group leases several aircraft and engines. The average remaining lease term is six years (2021: seven years).

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

No revaluation was performed for aircraft and related overhauls as of 31 December 2022 (Note 12).

The Group has options to purchase certain aircraft for a nominal amount at the end of the lease term. The Group's obligations are secured by the lessors' title to the leased assets for such leases. One of the lease agreements in addition to being secured by the title to the leased asset, is also secured by property and equipment with a carrying amount of AZN 20,105 thousand as of 31 December 2022 (2021: AZN 20,952 thousand).

An aircraft previously leased and recognised as a right-of-use asset by the Group was purchased before the expiration of the lease. As a result, the right-of-use asset with a carrying value of AZN 13,470 thousand (2021: 19,531 thousand) as of the purchase date was reclassified to property and equipment (Note 9 and 12).

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is presented in Note 17.

	Year ended 31 December 2022	Year ended 31 December 2021
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets	(101,025)	(117,116)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(35,436)	(36,714)
Unwinding of discount related to provision	(442)	(277)
Expense relating to short-term leases	(4,685)	(6,012)
Expense relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities	(145,031)	(156,858)
<b>Total amount recognised in profit or loss</b>	<b>(286,619)</b>	<b>(316,977)</b>

The total cash outflow for leases amount to AZN 265,607 thousand (2021: AZN 198,741 thousand).

#### 14. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Trade receivables	114,222	184,150
Other receivables*	11,482	22,082
VAT recoverable	6,565	4,973
Less: expected credit losses	(5,989)	(4,111)
<b>Total trade and other receivables</b>	<b>126,280</b>	<b>207,094</b>

\* Other receivables with carrying amount of AZN 22,082 thousand as at 31 December 2021 was presented within "Trade receivables" in prior year consolidated financial statements.

The average credit period on sales of services is 30 days (2021: 30 days). No interest is charged on outstanding trade receivables.

The Group has considered a probability of default of 100 per cent against all receivables over 90 days past due because historical experience has indicated that these receivables are generally not recoverable.

**SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)  
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There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

The following table details the risk profile of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer segments.

31 December 2022	Trade and other receivables – days past due						Total
	Not past due	<30	31-60	61-90	91-120	>120	
Expected credit loss rate	0.76%	1.34%	11.77%	18.24%	22.86%	71.51%	4.76%
Estimated total gross carrying amount at default	97,520	19,392	1,912	170	140	6,570	125,704
Lifetime ECL	(744)	(259)	(225)	(31)	(32)	(4,698)	(5,989)
							<b>119,715</b>

31 December 2021	Trade and other receivables – days past due						Total
	Not past due	<30	31-60	61-90	91-120	>120	
Expected credit loss rate	0.85%	0.65%	3.65%	7.98%	9.62%	10.61%	1.99%
Estimated total gross carrying amount at default	159,394	20,535	2,222	426	260	23,395	206,232
Lifetime ECL	(1,356)	(133)	(81)	(34)	(25)	(2,482)	(4,111)
							<b>202,121</b>

The following table shows the movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables in accordance with the simplified approach set out in IFRS 9.

	2022	2021
<b>Balance as at 1 January</b>	<b>4,111</b>	<b>4,900</b>
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	4,131	(1,903)
Amount recovered	(2,839)	(2,824)
Change in loss allowance due to new trade and other receivables originated net of those derecognised due to settlement	586	3,938
<b>Balance as at 31 December</b>	<b>5,989</b>	<b>4,111</b>

The Group's exposure to credit and currency risks are disclosed in Note 24.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

#### 15. CHARTER CAPITAL

In accordance with the charter, the Company's charter capital constitutes AZN 175,800 thousand (2021: AZN 172,091 thousand) comprised of 175,799,832 participation interest (2021: 172,091,168 participation interest) with par value of AZN 1.

During 2022, AZN 3,709 thousand equity was contributed by the shareholder in the form of property and equipment (2021: AZN 29,344 thousand in the form of property and equipment and AZN 19,468 thousand in the form of cash).

AZN 127,538 thousand dividends (inclusive of 10% withholding tax) were declared and paid during 2022 (2021: AZN 680,204 thousand).

#### 16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	<u>31 December 2022</u>	<u>31 December 2021</u>
Trade payables	164,462	161,600
Tax payables	13,519	-
Other payables*	<u>8,383</u>	<u>8,245</u>
<b>Total trade and other payables</b>	<b><u>186,364</u></b>	<b><u>169,845</u></b>

\* Other receivables with carrying amount of AZN 8,245 thousand as at 31 December 2021 was presented within "Trade payables" in prior year consolidated financial statements.

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in Note 24.

The Group may enter into sales and purchase agreements with the same counterparty in the normal course of business. The following table sets out the carrying amounts of recognised financial instruments that are subject to the above agreements.

<b>31 December 2022</b>	<u>Trade and other receivables</u>	<u>Trade and other payables</u>
Gross amounts	249,318	309,402
Amounts offset in accordance with IAS 32 offsetting criteria	(123,038)	(123,038)
Net amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position	126,280	186,364
Amounts related to recognised financial instruments that do not meet some or all of the offsetting criteria	<u>(12,571)</u>	<u>(12,751)</u>
<b>Net amounts</b>	<b><u>113,709</u></b>	<b><u>173,793</u></b>

**SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**31 December 2021**

	<u>Trade and other receivables</u>	<u>Trade and other payables</u>
Gross amounts	293,841	256,592
Amounts offset in accordance with IAS 32 offsetting criteria	(86,747)	(86,747)
Net amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position	207,094	169,845
Amounts related to recognised financial instruments that do not meet some or all of the offsetting criteria	<u>(23,195)</u>	<u>(23,195)</u>
<b>Net amounts</b>	<b><u>183,899</u></b>	<b><u>146,650</u></b>

**17. LEASE LIABILITIES**

	<u>31 December 2022</u>	<u>31 December 2021</u>
Lease liabilities	606,416	645,665
Accrued interest on lease liabilities	8,338	315
Deferred transaction cost	<u>(15,603)</u>	<u>(18,803)</u>
<b>Total lease liabilities</b>	<b><u>599,151</u></b>	<b><u>627,177</u></b>
Lease liabilities, non-current portion	479,089	538,835
Lease liabilities, current portion	<u>120,062</u>	<u>88,342</u>
<b>Total lease liabilities</b>	<b><u>599,151</u></b>	<b><u>627,177</u></b>

Reconciliation of future lease payments and their present values at the end of reporting period:

**31 December 2022**

	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Onwards</u>	<u>Total</u>
Lease payments	157,471	136,143	133,879	95,873	57,853	158,803	740,022
Unearned finance charges	<u>(37,409)</u>	<u>(31,587)</u>	<u>(25,485)</u>	<u>(18,637)</u>	<u>(11,619)</u>	<u>(16,134)</u>	<u>(140,871)</u>
<b>Present value of minimum lease payments</b>	<b><u>120,062</u></b>	<b><u>104,556</u></b>	<b><u>108,394</u></b>	<b><u>77,236</u></b>	<b><u>46,234</u></b>	<b><u>142,669</u></b>	<b><u>599,151</u></b>

**31 December 2021**

	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Onwards</u>	<u>Total</u>
Lease payments	119,588	118,243	117,318	117,612	93,869	213,114	779,744
Unearned finance charges	<u>(31,246)</u>	<u>(28,972)</u>	<u>(25,669)</u>	<u>(22,136)</u>	<u>(17,649)</u>	<u>(26,895)</u>	<u>(152,567)</u>
<b>Present value of minimum lease payments</b>	<b><u>88,342</u></b>	<b><u>89,271</u></b>	<b><u>91,649</u></b>	<b><u>95,476</u></b>	<b><u>76,220</u></b>	<b><u>186,219</u></b>	<b><u>627,177</u></b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

All lease arrangements are denominated in USD and classified per maturity and rate terms:

Group	Maturity	31 December 2022		31 December 2021	
		Rate, %	Amount	Rate, %	Amount
Group A	2031	7.00%	186,712	7.00%	201,951
Group B	2029	6.70%	175,290	6.70%	171,305
Group C	2026	0.6% + Lib.(3m)	156,917	0.6% + Lib.(3m)	199,433
Group D	2026	3.90%	74,541	3.90%	49,040
Group E	2033	3.88%	2,369	-	-
Group F	2024	3.90%	2,157	-	-
Group G	2023	3.90%	1,165	3.90%	3,128
Group H	2022	3.90%	-	3.90%	539
Group I	2022	6.25%	-	6.25%	796
Group J	2022	6.95%	-	6.95%	985
<b>Total lease liabilities</b>			<b>599,151</b>		<b>627,177</b>

Starting from the mid-March 2023, a leased aircraft with a carrying amount of AZN 143,660 thousand as of 31 December 2022 recognised under right-of-use assets has been grounded due to the sanctions imposed on the lessor. The Group's payment obligations under the lease agreement have been recognised up to the mid-March 2023, however no payments could have been made due to the sanctions imposed on the lessor.

The leases from Group A and C were acquired through sublease from the Parent.

## 18. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Loans and borrowings	283,587	264,931
Accrued interest on loans and borrowings	707	528
<b>Total loans and borrowings</b>	<b>284,294</b>	<b>265,459</b>
Loans and borrowings, non-current portion	251,197	248,112
Loans and borrowings, current portion	33,097	17,347
<b>Total loans and borrowings</b>	<b>284,294</b>	<b>265,459</b>

Loans and borrowings classified as per lender, interest rate and currency in the below table:

	Currency	Interest rate	31 December 2022		31 December 2021	
			Rate, %	Amount	Rate, %	Amount
Bank A	USD	Fixed	3.88%-5.50%	92,397	3.88%-5.50%	87,190
Bank B	USD	Fixed	4.50%-5.00%	131,176	3.88%-5.00%	154,725
Bonds issued to public	USD	Fixed	5.00%	51,213	5.00%	17,071
Bank D	USD	Fixed	2.24%	9,508	-	-
Bank B	EUR	Fixed	-	-	5.00%	6,473
<b>Total loans and borrowings</b>				<b>284,294</b>		<b>265,459</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

The maturity profile of loans and borrowings is as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Due in one month	4,429	2,167
Due from one month to one year	28,668	15,180
<b>Total current portion of loans and borrowings</b>	<b>33,097</b>	<b>17,347</b>
Due from one year to five years	110,059	70,987
Due over five years	141,138	177,125
<b>Total long-term portion of loans and borrowings</b>	<b>251,197</b>	<b>248,112</b>
<b>Total loans and borrowings</b>	<b>284,294</b>	<b>265,459</b>

The collateral profile of loans and borrowings is as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Parent's property and equipment	131,176	161,198
Aircraft	92,397	87,190
Unsecured	60,721	17,071
<b>Total loans and borrowings</b>	<b>284,294</b>	<b>265,459</b>

### Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

As of 31 December 2022	Cash changes		Non-cash changes				Other changes (ii)	31-Dec 22
	01-Jan-22	Financing cash flows (i)	Payments on behalf of the Group	New leases	Re- measurement	Forex		
Lease liabilities	627,177	(85,230)	-	42,265	2,462	-	12,477	599,151
Loans and borrowings	265,459	18,682	-	-	-	(25)	178	284,294
<b>Total liabilities from financing activities</b>	<b>892,636</b>	<b>(66,548)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>42,265</b>	<b>2,462</b>	<b>(25)</b>	<b>12,655</b>	<b>883,445</b>

As of 31 December 2021	Cash changes		Non-cash changes				Other changes (ii)	31-Dec 21
	01-Jan-21	Financing cash flows (i)	Payments on behalf of the Group	New leases	Re- measurement	Forex		
Lease liabilities	698,944	(113,922)	(1,261)	56,815	(17,635)	-	4,236	627,177
Loans and borrowings	297,678	(31,724)	-	-	-	(547)	52	265,459
<b>Total liabilities from financing activities</b>	<b>996,622</b>	<b>(145,646)</b>	<b>(1,261)</b>	<b>56,815</b>	<b>(17,635)</b>	<b>(547)</b>	<b>4,288</b>	<b>892,636</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

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- (i) Financing cash flows make up the net amount of proceeds and payments from loans and borrowings and lease liabilities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.
- (ii) Other changes include interest accruals and payments.

#### 19. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	<u>31 December 2022</u>	<u>31 December 2021</u>
Current bank accounts	386,088	307,906
Cash in transit	16,309	-
<b>Total cash and bank balances</b>	<b><u>402,397</u></b>	<b><u>307,906</u></b>

AZN 20,400 thousand was held in one of the current bank accounts as a collateral of a guarantee for five years and presented as restricted cash under non-current assets as of 31 December 2022 and 2021.

Management has not recognised any loss allowance for expected credit losses under IFRS 9 for cash and bank balances as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 as this would not have any material impact on the consolidated financial statements. The Group's exposure to foreign currency, credit risk as well as a sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 24.

#### 20. BANK DEPOSITS

During 2022, the Group placed AZN 425,000 thousand 0.4% interest-bearing USD denominated deposit in one of the banks.

#### 21. PROVISIONS

Present value of estimated last overhaul costs was recognised as provision within non-current liabilities in accordance to IAS 37 as at the lease commencement date. Maintenance provisions were estimated based on the costs of the overhauls and flight hours/cycles of aircraft under the lease. The expected cost of the last overhaul was then discounted from the lease commencement date till the last overhaul date using risk-free rate. The estimates are reviewed on an ongoing basis and revised whenever appropriate.



## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

	<u>Maintenance provisions</u>
<b>At 1 January 2021</b>	<b>92,281</b>
Unwinding of discount	277
Reversal of provision	<u>(61,511)</u>
<b>At 1 January 2022</b>	<b>31,047</b>
Unwinding of discount	<u>442</u>
<b>At 31 December 2022</b>	<b><u>31,489</u></b>

Reversal of provision during 2021 was due to termination as a result of purchase of aircraft previously leased and modification of lease contracts (Note 9).

## 22. ADVANCES PAID

	<u>31 December 2022</u>	<u>31 December 2021</u>
Advance payments for purchase of aircraft	257,588	96,714
Advance payments for aircraft repair service providers for PBH	77,652	53,892
Advance payments for purchase of engines	21,900	-
Advance payments on behalf of the Parent	11,463	3,379
Refundable contributions for maintenance reserve	<u>-</u>	<u>26,165</u>
<b>Total advances paid</b>	<b><u>368,603</u></b>	<b><u>180,150</u></b>

The carrying amount of the advance payment relating to PBH agreement for the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 was AZN 77,652 thousand (2021: AZN 53,892 thousand). The maintenance and repair costs covered by PBH agreement expensed off during the year amounted to AZN 10,403 thousand (2021: AZN 12,120 thousand) for the Group.

## 23. REVALUATION RESERVES

The revaluation reserve arises on the revaluation of aircraft. When revalued aircraft are sold, the portion of the aircraft revaluation reserve that relates to that asset is transferred directly to retained earnings. Items of other comprehensive income included in the aircraft revaluation reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

As of 1 January 2021, AZN 32,643 thousand was transferred from retained earnings to revaluation reserve to account for transfer of aircraft from investment property to property and equipment.

No revaluation was performed as of 31 December 2022 and 2021 (Note 4).

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

#### 24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Exposure to credit, interest rate, currency and liquidity risk arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group does not hedge its exposure to such risks.

##### Capital management

The Group manages its capital to ensure the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholder through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2021.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (total debt in Note 17 and 18 after deducting cash and bank balances) and shareholder equity of the Group. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

##### Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

Trade and other receivables (excluding VAT recoverable) consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas.

Concentration of trade and other receivables is set out in below table:

	31 December 2022		31 December 2021	
Company A	21,549	17%	38,952	19%
Company B	8,513	7%	25,581	12%
Company C	7,410	6%	6,408	3%
Others	88,232	70%	135,291	66%
<b>Total</b>	<b>125,704</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>206,232</b>	<b>100%</b>

Concentration of amounts due from related parties is set out in below table:

	31 December 2022		31 December 2021	
Agent E	30,569	45%	47,997	56%
Agent F	18,955	28%	13,657	16%
Agent G	17,373	26%	14,964	18%
Others	863	1%	8,450	10%
<b>Total</b>	<b>67,760</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>85,068</b>	<b>100%</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

Apart from above, the Group does not have significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The Group defines counterparties as having similar characteristics if they are related entities. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated. In the opinion of management, the Group has no significant credit risk with abovementioned agents, as the Group maintains long-term and stable business relationships with healthy repayment history.

Bank deposits and restricted cash of AZN 425,000 thousand and AZN 20,400 thousand, respectively, are held in Bank A. From cash and bank balances at the end of 2022, AZN 291,206 thousand (2021: AZN 192,106 thousand) is placed in Bank A and AZN 85,536 thousand is placed in Bank C (2021: AZN 64,067 thousand is placed Bank B).

#### **Exposure to credit risk**

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure, except for cash and bank balances where exposure is reduced by the amount of petty cash. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

Carrying amount	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Bank deposits	425,000	-
Cash and bank balances	402,397	307,906
Trade and other receivables	119,715	202,121
Amounts due from related parties	65,019	83,664
Restricted cash	20,400	20,400
Security deposits	19,846	22,495
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,052,377</b>	<b>636,586</b>

#### **Interest rate risk**

Changes in interest rate impact primarily lease liabilities by changing their cash flows.

#### **Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments**

An increase of the variable interest rates would have decreased equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis is based on variable interest rates variances that the Group considered to be reasonably possible at the end of the reporting period.

This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

	Profit or loss 31 December 2022	Profit or loss 31 December 2021
Three-month USD Libor 50 basis points increase	(2,070)	(1,311)
<b>Cash flow sensitivity</b>	<b>(2,070)</b>	<b>(1,311)</b>

# SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

A decrease of the variable interest rates would have increased equity and profit or loss by the same amounts shown in above table.

### Foreign currency risk

The Group undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise.

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on sales and purchases and lease liabilities and loans and borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than the AZN.

### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the risk of change of exchange rates of AZN against USD.

The book values of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency as at the reporting date have been provided below:

31 December 2022	AZN	USD	EUR	CNY	JPY	KRW	Other	Total
Bank deposits	-	425,000	-	-	-	-	-	425,000
Cash and bank balances	17,811	301,141	74,853	5,108	-	1,362	2,122	402,397
Trade and other receivables	7,062	43,933	816	42,519	7,890	10,078	7,417	119,715
Amounts due from related parties	18,179	17,521	29,319	-	-	-	-	65,019
Security deposits	-	19,846	-	-	-	-	-	19,846
Restricted cash	-	20,400	-	-	-	-	-	20,400
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>43,052</b>	<b>827,841</b>	<b>104,988</b>	<b>47,627</b>	<b>7,890</b>	<b>11,440</b>	<b>9,539</b>	<b>1,052,377</b>
Lease liabilities	-	599,151	-	-	-	-	-	599,151
Loans and borrowings	-	284,294	-	-	-	-	-	284,294
Trade and other payables	86,149	54,835	28,175	7,062	1,244	3,327	5,572	186,364
Provisions	-	31,489	-	-	-	-	-	31,489
Amounts due to related parties	11,608	-	860	-	-	-	-	12,468
<b>Total financial liability</b>	<b>97,757</b>	<b>969,769</b>	<b>29,035</b>	<b>7,062</b>	<b>1,244</b>	<b>3,327</b>	<b>5,572</b>	<b>1,113,766</b>
<b>Open position</b>		<b>(141,928)</b>	<b>75,953</b>	<b>40,565</b>	<b>6,646</b>	<b>8,113</b>	<b>3,967</b>	<b>(6,684)</b>
<b>31 December 2021</b>	<b>AZN</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>CNY</b>	<b>JPY</b>	<b>KRW</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Cash and bank balances	1,976	293,701	1,325	7,890	107	2,131	776	307,906
Trade and other receivables	19,778	42,470	50,592	36,363	18,690	17,917	16,311	202,121
Amounts due from related parties	14,304	22,298	47,062	-	-	-	-	83,664
Security deposit	-	22,495	-	-	-	-	-	22,495
Restricted cash	-	20,400	-	-	-	-	-	20,400
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>36,058</b>	<b>401,364</b>	<b>98,979</b>	<b>44,253</b>	<b>18,797</b>	<b>20,048</b>	<b>17,087</b>	<b>636,586</b>
Lease liabilities	-	627,177	-	-	-	-	-	627,177
Loans and borrowings	-	258,986	6,473	-	-	-	-	265,459
Trade and other payables	53,922	70,780	25,680	8,903	-	-	10,560	169,845
Amounts due to related parties	1,587	260	53,580	-	-	-	-	55,427
Provisions	-	31,047	-	-	-	-	-	31,047
<b>Total financial liability</b>	<b>55,509</b>	<b>988,250</b>	<b>85,733</b>	<b>8,903</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,560</b>	<b>1,148,955</b>
<b>Open position</b>		<b>(586,886)</b>	<b>13,246</b>	<b>35,350</b>	<b>18,797</b>	<b>20,048</b>	<b>6,527</b>	<b>(492,918)</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

#### Sensitivity analysis

A weakening of the AZN against the following currencies at year end would have decreased profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis is based on foreign currency exchange rate variances that the Group considered to be reasonably possible at the end of the reporting period. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

<b>31 December 2022</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>CNY</b>	<b>JPY</b>	<b>KRW</b>	<b>Other</b>
10% weakening of AZN	(14,193)	7,595	4,057	665	811	397
<b>31 December 2021</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>EUR</b>	<b>CNY</b>	<b>JPY</b>	<b>KRW</b>	<b>Other</b>
10% weakening of AZN	(58,689)	1,325	3,535	1,880	2,005	653

A strengthening of the AZN against the above currencies would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to settle all liabilities as they are due. The Group's liquidity position is carefully monitored and managed.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

	<b>31 December 2022</b>			
	<b>Within one year</b>	<b>1 to 5 years</b>	<b>Over 5 years</b>	<b>Total</b>
Lease liabilities	157,471	423,748	158,803	740,022
Loans and borrowings	45,720	145,318	152,140	343,178
Trade and other payables	186,364	-	-	186,364
Provisions	-	-	31,489	31,489
Amounts due to related parties	12,468	-	-	12,468
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<b>402,023</b>	<b>569,066</b>	<b>342,432</b>	<b>1,313,521</b>

	<b>31 December 2021</b>			
	<b>Within one year</b>	<b>1 to 5 years</b>	<b>Over 5 years</b>	<b>Total</b>
Lease liabilities	119,588	447,042	213,114	779,744
Loans and borrowings	28,776	111,506	198,345	338,627
Trade and other payables	169,845	-	-	169,845
Amounts due to related parties	55,427	-	-	55,427
Provisions	-	-	31,047	31,047
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<b>373,637</b>	<b>558,547</b>	<b>442,506</b>	<b>1,374,690</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

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#### *Fair values versus carrying amounts*

Management believes that the fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities, which are classified within Level 2 category of the above hierarchy, approximates their carrying amounts. The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Group using available market information, where it exists, and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to determine the estimated fair value. Management has used all available market information in estimating the fair value of financial instruments. The Group uses the hierarchy mentioned in Note 3 to determine and disclose fair value of financial instruments.

## 25. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### Capital commitments

Commitments related to the pre-delivery payments for the acquisition of new aircraft and engines were AZN 756,478 thousand (2021: AZN 370,997 thousand). Authorised future commitments (excluding pre-delivery payments) for the acquisition of new aircraft and engines by the Group for which contracts were signed until 31 December 2022 amounted AZN 2,053,801 thousand. The maturity of undiscounted future capital expenditures (including pre-delivery payments) as of 31 December 2022 is set out below:

	<u>Within one year</u>	<u>1 to 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
31 December 2022	557,859	1,443,206	809,215	<b>2,810,279</b>

### Taxation contingencies

The taxation system in the Republic of Azerbaijan continues to evolve and is characterised by regular changes in legislation, official pronouncements and court decisions, which may be subject to varying interpretation by different tax authorities. Taxes are subject to review and investigation by state authorities who have the authority to impose severe fines, penalties and interest charges. A tax year remains open for review by the tax authorities during the three subsequent calendar years; however, under certain circumstances a tax year may remain open longer. Recent events within the Republic of Azerbaijan suggest that the tax authorities are taking a more assertive position in their interpretation and enforcement of tax legislation.

The Tax Code of the Republic of Azerbaijan establishes general principles of taxation in Azerbaijan, sets the rule for determining, payment and collection of taxes, identifies the rights and responsibilities of taxpayers and tax authorities. The Tax Code does not contain provisions specifically regulating air transportation services. For withholding and value added tax purposes such services fall under the category of international transportation, whereas for profit tax purposes general services provided. All clauses in respect of these service categories are general and subject to interpretations. Therefore, the interpretation for air cargo transportation services involves uncertainty and judgement.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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These circumstances may create tax risks in Azerbaijan that are substantially more significant than in other countries. Management believes that it has provided adequately for tax liabilities based on its interpretations of applicable Azerbaijan tax legislation, official pronouncements and court decisions. However, the interpretations of the relevant authorities could differ and the effect on the consolidated financial statements, if the authorities were successful in enforcing their interpretations, could be significant.

#### ***Operating environment***

Emerging markets such as Azerbaijan are subject to different risks than more developed markets, including economic, political and social, and legal and legislative risks. Laws and regulations affecting businesses in Azerbaijan continue to change rapidly, tax and regulatory frameworks are subject to varying interpretations. The future stability of the Azerbaijan economy is heavily influenced by reforms and developments and the effectiveness of economic, financial and monetary measures undertaken by the government.

Because Azerbaijan produces and exports large volumes of oil and gas, its economy is particularly sensitive to the price of oil and gas on the world market.

Due to the ongoing conflict between the Russian Federation and Ukraine, the US, UK, EU and other countries announced numerous sanctions on certain Russian officials, businessmen and companies, which are targeted to have a negative impact on the Russian economy. As a result of these events the flights were cancelled over airspace of Russia and Ukraine. Because of existing interdependencies between Russian and other CIS economies, these developments may result in reduced access of the regional businesses to international capital and export markets, weakening of the Russian Ruble and other CIS regional currencies, decline in capitals markets and other negative economic consequences.

The suspension of flights to and from Russia and Ukraine has no material commercial impact on the operations of the Group as these two countries represent insignificant portion of the Group's total operations.

The Group's management carefully evaluates all transactions with Russian based vendors and none of these transactions are in the breach of sanctions as of the issuance date of these financial statements.

The Group's management is monitoring developments in the current environment and taking necessary measures to support the sustainability and development of the Group's business in the foreseeable future. The impact of further economic and political developments on future operations and financial position of the Group might be significant.

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

#### 26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise the shareholder of the Group and all other companies in which those shareholders, either individually or together, have a controlling interest.

During the year, the Group entered into the following trading transactions with related parties:

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2022		Year ended 31 December 2021	
		Related party transactions	Total per category	Related party transactions	Total per category
Revenue	5		3,225,006		2,879,573
- parent		30,050		54,304	
- sold through agents - entities under common control	4	731,322		667,592	
Fuel*			886,577		546,327
- parent		-		15,089	
- entities under common control		-		326	
Ground handling, aero navigation and landing			317,331		334,820
- entities under common control		10,748		24,600	
Aircraft and engine lease costs			149,716		162,870
- parent		93,538		100,272	
- entities under common control		2,583		38,307	
Commissions			132,567		118,883
- entities under common control		17,655		24,258	
Staff costs			84,334		88,846
- key management personnel		14,533		14,271	
Fees for transportation by chartered flights			59,623		132,845
- parent		44,032		47,781	
- entities under common control		14,627		83,364	
Crew rental and other crew costs			34,146		37,015
- entities under common control		12,670		10,048	
Other costs			37,536		39,325
- parent		-		562	
- entities under common control		358		141	

\* During 2021, AZN 15,089 thousand relates to the fuel expenses purchased by the Parent on behalf of the Group.



## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

The following balances with related parties were outstanding at the end of the reporting period:

	31 December 2022		31 December 2021	
	Related party balances	Total per category	Related party balances	Total per category
Amounts due from related parties, net of allowance:		65,019		83,664
- <i>parent</i>	18,179		13,632	
- <i>entities under common control</i>	46,840		70,032	
Amounts due to related parties:		12,468		55,427
- <i>parent</i>	11,608		21,828	
- <i>entities under common control</i>	860		33,599	

The Group may enter into sales and purchase agreements with the same counterparty in the normal course of business. The following table sets out the carrying amounts of recognised financial instruments that are subject to the above agreements.

#### 31 December 2022

	Amounts due from related parties	Amounts due to related parties
Gross amounts	110,506	57,955
Amounts offset in accordance with IAS 32 offsetting criteria	(45,487)	(45,487)
Net amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position	65,019	12,468
Amounts related to recognised financial instruments that do not meet some or all of the offsetting criteria	(12,468)	(12,468)
<b>Net amounts</b>	<b>52,551</b>	<b>-</b>

#### 31 December 2021

	Amounts due from related parties	Amounts due to related parties
Gross amounts	240,778	212,541
Amounts offset in accordance with IAS 32 offsetting criteria	(157,114)	(157,114)
Net amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position	83,664	55,427
Amounts related to recognised financial instruments that do not meet some or all of the offsetting criteria	(6,445)	(6,445)
<b>Net amounts</b>	<b>77,219</b>	<b>48,982</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) (in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)

The following table details the risk profile of due from related parties based on the Group's provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer segments.

31 December 2022	Due from related parties – days past due						Total
	Not past due	<30	31-60	61-90	91-120	>120	
Expected credit loss rate	0.98%	1.96%	9.82%	11.79%	14.79%	19.13%	4.05%
Estimated total gross carrying amount at default	27,332	27,535	2,496	2,588	2,549	5,260	67,760
Lifetime ECL	(267)	(541)	(245)	(305)	(377)	(1,006)	(2,741)
							<b>65,019</b>

31 December 2021	Due from related parties – days past due						Total
	Not past due	<30	31-60	61-90	91-120	>120	
Expected credit loss rate	1.16%	3.29%	-	-	-	-	1.65%
Estimated total gross carrying amount at default	65,471	19,597	-	-	-	-	85,068
Lifetime ECL	(759)	(645)	-	-	-	-	(1,404)
							<b>83,664</b>

The Group's exposure to credit and currency risks are disclosed in Note 25.

The following table details the risk profile of amounts due from related parties based on the Group's provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer segments.

	2022	2021
<b>Balance as at 1 January</b>	<b>1,404</b>	<b>2,592</b>
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	1,510	(1,389)
Amount recovered	(489)	(478)
Change in loss allowance due to new amounts due from related parties originated net of those derecognised due to settlement	316	679
<b>Balance as at 31 December</b>	<b>2,741</b>	<b>1,404</b>

## SILK WAY WEST AIRLINES LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED) *(in thousands of Azerbaijani Manats)*

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#### 27. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

In January 2023, Silk Way Development LLC purchased 3,587,752 shares of Silk Way West Airlines LLC with par value of AZN 1 for AZN 3,588 thousand.

In April 2023, the Group obtained USD denominated loan of AZN 13,232 thousand from one of the banks with an interest rate of 1.75 per cent and a maturity date of 19 June 2023.